The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,633.

PRICE 3½d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31. 1789.

This day is published,
By T. and J. Egerton, London,
And may be had at the Edinburgh Circulating Library, Parliament Close, price 12s. bound,

A
TREATISE ON GUN-POWDER,
A
TREATISE ON FIRE ARMS,
AND A
TREATISE ON THE SERVICE OF ARTILLERY
In Time of War.
Translated from the Italian,
BY CAPTAIN THOMSON,
Of the Royal Regiment of Artillery.

AND ALSO,
A CATALOGUE of the
EDINBURGH CIRCULATING LIBRARY;
Containing upwards of Twenty Thousand Volumes,
English, French, and Italian.

OF

History,	Arts & Sciences,	Anatomy,	Ecclesiast. History,
Voyages,	Natural History,	Physic,	Poetry & Plays,
Travels,	Philosophy,	Surgery,	Miscellaneous Literature, Novels,
Lives,	Agriculture,	Divinity,	

&c. &c. &c.

Including all the Books that have been lately published, in every branch of Literature;
Likewise MUSIC and PRINTS;
WHICH ARE LENT
By the Year, Half-year, or Quarter.

For the use of this Library, the proprietors receive every month, all the New Books and Pamphlets of merit that are published in London. It has been constantly their object to store it not only with the books of mere amusement, but with the best publications on every branch of Literature and Science. It is now not only by far the most numerous, but, they hope, the most select and complete collection that ever was offered to the Public of Scotland. By their unremitting attention to its encrease and improvement, and their diligence in supplying the losses and deficiences which must unavoidably attend so extensive an undertaking, they flatter themselves, that the lovers of reading will no where find, at so moderate a rate, so rich a fund of entertainment and instruction.

Writing Papers of the best qualities are now sold on the most reasonable terms, at the Library, to which the attention of the Public is most respectfully solicited.

☞ A large assortment of NEW PRINTS, as usual.

This Day is Published,
Price 2s. sewed,
By R. MORISON and SON, Bookfellers Perth,
and
GEORGE MUDIE, Bookfeller, Horse Wynd, Edinburgh,
and fold by the different Bookfellers in Scotland,
AN HISTORICAL
NARRATIVE OF THE SHIPWRECK & CAPTIVITY
OF
Mr DE BRISSON;
with a Defcription of the
DESARTS of AFRICA, from SENEGAL to MOROCCO.
Tranſlated from the French.

☞ This remarkable publication has been juſtly conſidered as one of the moſt extraordinary that has appeared for a long time. The Author appears to be a very ſenſible man, and relates his misfortunes with great ſimplicity. The remarkable hardſhips which he ſuffered, and the diſtreſſing ſituations in which he was often placed, arreſt the attention in no common degree.

MAHOGANY FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in the Timber Bush, on Monday firſt the 2d November, at twelve o'clock noon, 80 LOGS exceeding fine JAMAICA MAHOGANY.
LEITH, October 29. 1789.

HABERDASHERY AND LINEN DRAPERY.
ROBERT GOURLAY,
HABERDASHER AND LINEN DRAPER,

AT THE GOLDEN EAGLE, WEST SIDE OF S. BRIDGE STREET,
EDINBURGH,

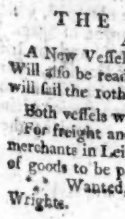
BEGS leave to acquaint his Friends and the Public, that he is juſt returned from London and Manchester with a large aſſortment of GOODS, adapted for the Winter: The under-mentioned are a few, of a very great variety, which will be ſold on very low terms:

Printed Callicoes,	Norwich Crapes,
Muſlins,	Durants,
Black Luteſtrings and Armozeens,	Callimancoes,
Bed-Quilts and Counterpanes,	Black Modes and Sattins,
Dimittes,	Black and White Laces,
Muſlinets,	Fancy Muffs and Tippets,
Bombazeens,	Linens and Cambrics,
	Stockings and Gloves.

N.B. Commiſſions from the Country carefully attended to.

FOR LEGHORN, TO RETURN TO LEITH,
THE BRIG
NATHANIEL AND MARY,
JAMES JOHNSTON Maſter,
Will ſail for Leghorn the 10th November, and will take a freight for Gibraltar or any Port in the Mediterranean. For freight out or home, apply to William Sibbald and Co. merchants, Leith.

For Kingſton, Jamaica,
THE SHIP ROSELLE,
ROBERT LINDEL Maſter,
WILL be ready to take in goods the 1ſt of November, and will ſail the 10th of December.



And for Savannah-la-Mar,
THE SNOW COLUMBUS,
ANDREW MASSON Maſter,
A New Veſſel built for the trade, about 300 tons burden, Will alſo be ready to take in goods the 1ſt of November, and will ſail the 10th of December.

Both veſſels will be elegantly fitted up for paſſengers.

For freight and paſſage, apply to William Sibbald and Co. merchants in Leith, or to the captains on board. The freight of goods to be paid at ſhipping.

** Wanted, a few good Houſe Carpenters and Mill Wrights.
Leith, October 15. 1789.

WILLIAM PANTON & CO.
LINEN-DRAPERS AND HABERDASHERS,
No. 33. *South Bridge.*

DESIROUS of a ſhare of the Public Favour, beg leave to inform them, That one of the Partners has juſt returned from London and the different manufacturing towns in England, where he has ſelected with care a large Aſſortment of
ENTIRE NEW HABERDASHERY GOODS,
Which they are reſolved to ſell on ſuch low terms, as they flatter themſelves will induce a continuance of the favour of their Friends and the Public.

☞ *Due attention paid to Country Orders.*

IRISH STATE LOTTERY, ANNO 1789,
Begins drawing the 12th of November next.
Beſides two capital Prizes of
TWENTY THOUSAND POUNDS EACH,
THERE ARE ALSO

Two of	L. 10,000	Five of	L. 1,000
Three —	2,000	Thirty —	100

THE ORIGINAL TICKETS ARE SOLD,
And, by appointment of Government,
divided into
Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenth Shares,
BY
JOHN WHITE AND COMPANY,
At their Licenſed State Lottery Office, oppoſite the Tron Church, Edinburgh,
Where, in preceding Lotteries, A much greater number of Capital Prizes, have been ſold and paid, than at any other Office in Scotland.

** All Shares ſold by J. WHITE and CO. are ſtamped and ſecured agreeable to act of Parliament, for which Government Receipts may be ſeen, and thoſe drawn prizes will be paid at current value, ſo ſoon as drawn.

Tickets and Shares regiſtered at 6d. each number.—As they riſe or fall in the London Offices, ſo will they at this.

Country correſpondents may have tickets and ſhares ſent on remitting bills payable at ſight or a ſhort date.

Schemes *gratis.*—Letters (poſt paid) duly anſwered.

WILLIAM COULTER,
HOSIER AND MANUFACTURER,
Facing the Croſs Well, North Side of the High Street, Edinburgh,
Reſpectfully begs leave to inform the Public,

THAT he has conſiderably extended his Manufactory, and now makes every Article in

SILK,	WORSTED,	THREAD
COTTON,	AND	STOCKINGS,

Equal to any that come from England.

He therefore ſolicits the patronage of the Public to this *Infant Manufacture*, which he ſhall ſtudy to merit, by making every article of the beſt workmanſhip, and from the very beſt materials.

** He begs to recommend his SILK STOCKINGS at Half-a-Guinea the pair, being equal to any ſold elſewhere at 12s.—The Patent Knotted and Double Looped SILK, COTTON, and WORSTED STOCKINGS, of W. COULTER's manufacture, are equal to the Patentee's, and will in future be ſold ſo low as

The Patent Silk Stockings at 16s. a pair, or 15s. 6d. in dozens;	The Patent Worſted Stockings at 6s. a pair, or 5s. 9d. in dozens.

Being the price the patentee ſells them at in wholeſale.—

GREAT CHOICE OF
LAMBS WOOL KNITTED UNDER SHIRTS.

Stockings or any article of Hoſiery made to any ſize upon a day or two's notice.

NEW JEWELLERY AND HARDWARE SHOP.

FRASER AND WILSON reſpectfully give notice, That they have this day opened ſhop, firſt door from the High Street, weſt ſide of the Tron Church, with an entire new and faſhionable aſſortment of GOODS, collected with great care and attention by one of the Partners, when lately at London and the other Manufacturing Towns in England.

They conſiſt chiefly of the following goods, viz.

SILVER Tea Pots and Stands, Sugar and Cream Baſons, Sets of Caſtors, with 5, 7, and 8 glaſſes; tureen, ſauce table, deſert, and tea Spoons; Salts, Wine Funnels, Punch Ladles, Bottle Stands, Fish Knives, Diſh Croſſes, &c.	Pocket and Memorandum Books for Ladies and Gentlemen, a great variety.
	Pen and Pocket Knives, Sciſſars of all kinds.
	Gold, Silver, Gilt, and Shagreen Watches.
	Gold and Gilt Watch Seals and Trinkets.
	Gold Rings, plain and ſet with diamonds, pearls, and the neweſt hair devices.
All the above articles, and a good many others, PLATED in the beſt manner.	
Pontipool Tea Kitchens, Coffee Biggens, Tea Pots, and Candleſticks.	Gold Bracelets, Bracelet Buckles, and Locket Pins, ſet with diamonds, pearls, &c.
London-made brown Tea Kitchens, Coffee Pots, and Dutch Kettles.	Patent, ſet, ſilver, and plated Knee Buckles.
Japanned Tea Trays, Bread Baſkets, and Waiters, with paintings, &c.	A variety of neat Watch Chains for Ladies and Gentlemen.
White and green ivory handled table and deſert Knives and Forks.	Ditto of Ivory, Tortoiſe-ſhell and leather Snuff Boxes, & Tooth-pick Caſes.
Common Knives and Forks of all kinds.	Double and ſingle barrelled Guns and Piſtols.
Mahogany, Paper, and Shagreen Caſes for knives and forks and ſpoons.	Silk and Linen Umbrellas.
Silver and Plated Shoe and Knee Buckles of the neweſt patterns.	A large aſſortment of Canes and Switches.
	Hand's new-invented patent Brunſwick Spring Buckles.
	Plated Stirrup Irons & Spurs,

&c. &c. &c.

Beſides a great many other articles, too numerous to inſert in an advertiſement; all of which they are determined to ſell as low as at any other ſhop in town.

All kinds of Jewellery and Hair-Work performed in the neweſt and neateſt manner.—Money given for gold, ſilver, lace, &c.

Commiſſions punctually anſwered, and any article exchanged that is not approved of. EDIN. Oct. 12. 1789.

ALE LICENSES.
STAMP OFFICE, EDINBURGH, Oct. 24 1789.

WHEREAS, the time now approaches for taking out LICENSES for RETAILING Ale, Beer, or other Exciſeable liquors, within royal burghs, ſhires, and ſtewartries—Theſe are therefore intimating to all ſuch perſons who are retailers aforeſaid, that if they do not take out their licenſes within the reſpective days appointed by the acts of parliament, they will be proſecuted as the law directs, for the ſeveral penalties enacted by the ſtatutes in that caſe made and provided.

The clerks of the peace, and the clerks of royal burghs, are alſo required to tranſmit to the Collector of the Stamp Duties at Edinburgh, on or before the 1ſt of December next, certified liſts of the perſons licenſed in terms of law; and ſuch as neglect ſo to do, will be proſecuted for payment of the ſtatutory penalty of 10l. Sterling.

GEO. BUCHAN, Solicitor.

Remarkable Cheap Sheetings, Table Napery, &c.

FORRESTERS and COMPANY, at the Ruſſia Warehouſe, ſouth ſide of the Croſs, Edinburgh, have at preſent for Sale a very complete aſſortment of

Ruſſia ſheetings,	Printed Bed Covers, from 5s. to 30s. each.
Scots and Iriſh ditto, 5-4ths and 6-4th wide, from 13d. to 4s. 6d. per yard.	Bed Tickings.
Scots Hollands, and Iriſh Linens.	Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Table Cloths, all ſizes.	Dreſſing Gowns.
Diapers and Huggabags.	Slippers.
Plain and coloured Wine Rubbers.	Printed Linens, at 1s. to 18d. per yard.
Manchester Counterpanes.	Black Silk Florentine from 3s. 6d. to 11s. per yard.
	Fancy Veſts, &c. &c.

All which they can recommend as well worthy the attention of the public.

N. B. They have juſt received a parcel of Excellent RUSSIA SMOAK'D TONGUES.

Have ſtill on hand ſome fine OIL RUSSIA SOAP, at 8½d. per lib. and DANTZICK HONEY at 2s. 9d. per pint.

SALE OF JEWELLERY, HARDWARE, &c.
At very reduced prices.

THE STOCK of GOODS belonging to Meſſ. Peter Forreſter and Company, as advertiſed formerly, and now purchaſed by Peter Forreſter, continue ſelling off at his ſhop, oppoſite the Croſs, Edinburgh, and conſiſt chiefly of the following articles:

Upwards of Two Hundred Capital Watches, plain, horizontal, and with ſeconds, day of the month, &c. all of which are warranted to perform well.
Set ſhoe, Knee, and Stock buckles.
Silver, Pinchbeck, Plated, and Mourning ditto.
Gold Bracelets, Rings, and Locket Pins.
Silver and Plated Spoons, Tea-Kitchens, Tea-Pots, Sugar and Cream Baſons, Bread Baſkets, Caſtor Frames, Salts, Porter Cups, Ale Tankards, Candleſticks, Fiſh Knives, Sauce Boats, Wine Funnels, &c. &c.
London-made Brown Tea-Kitchens and Coffee Urns.
Japanned Tea-Trays, Bread Baſkets, and Waiters.
Knives and Forks of all kinds.
Mahogany and Shagreen Caſes for knives, forks, & ſpoons
Ladies and Gentlemen's Pocket and Memorandum Books
Variety of fine Prints in gilt burniſhed frames.
Patent Spring Bayonets, Pocket and Holſter Piſtols.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Dreſſing Boxes.
Plated, Black Ebony, and Japanned Ink Stands.
Backgammon Tables, Playing Cards, and Dice.
A great variety Umbrellas, from 11s. to 31s. 6d.

In addition to the old ſtock,

P. FORRESTER has received freſh aſſortments of all the above articles; and, as he means, (during the ſale of the old ſtock) to ſell them on the uſual low terms, the public will find this a favourable opportunity of ſupplying themſelves.

Juſt come to hand,
An elegant Epergne, and a variety of fine Watch Chains.

The higheſt prices are given for old gold, ſilver, and lace, as uſual. Commiſſions punctually attended to.

As P. Forreſter is appointed to diſcharge and ſettle the debts of the Company, it is requeſted that all thoſe indebted, will immediately order payment of their accounts, as all thoſe remaining unſettled a few days longer, will be given into the hands of a man of buſineſs, in order to effect payment.

POST HORSE, &c. DUTIES.
STAMP-OFFICE, *Edinburgh*, Oct. 30. 1789.

THE Commiſſioners of the Stamp Duties having re-aſſumed the collection of the POST HORSE, &c. DUTIES in Scotland, the Poſtmaſters and Poſt Horſe Letters are hereby required to exhibit their accounts to the 31ſt current, to pay the duties then due, to the reſpective Collectors of the Stamp Duties as formerly. ALEX. MENZIES.
Principal Collector in North Britain.

DESERTED,
On Thurſday 18th of October, from the Additional Company of his Majeſty's 75th Regiment here, commanded by Captain Siddons,

A YOUNG MAN, who entered by the name of *Thomas Smith*, but there is reaſon to believe that was not his real name; is by trade a weaver; was born in the parſh of Paiſley, county of Renfrew; aged 21 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, dark complexion, dark hair, grey eyes; had on when he went off a ſhort blue jacket, blue veſt, Corduroy breeches and a round hat.

Whoever ſhall apprehend the above Deſerter, and lodge him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall receive One Guinea reward over and above his Majeſty's bounty, by applying to the commanding Officer of ſaid Company in Aberdeen.
EDINBURGH, October 31. 1789.

STREET DUNG AT PERTH TO BE LET.

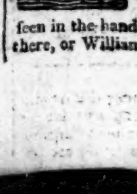
Upon Friday the 6th November 1789, at three o'clock afternoon, there will be expoſed to public roup, within the Court-houſe of Perth,

A TACK or Leaſe of the STREET DUNG of the ſaid burgh, for one year after Martinmas next, to be expoſed in different lots, and the conditions of the roup will be ſeen in the Town Clerk's office there.

Office of Inſpector of Lottery Offices, *at the* Stamp-office *in* London.

WHEREAS it appears by an advertiſement ſigned *Shergold and Co.* as proprietors of an unlicenſed Lottery Office in Lombard Street—That One Hundred Guineas reward will be given by them to any perſon of the name of *Shergold* to appear as the owner of that office, by the name of *Hugh, Henry*, or *Humphry Shergold*; and whereas there is not any perſon of the name of Shergold, licenſed to deal in Lottery tickets, all chances, ſhares, or agreements, ſigned *Shergold*, are therefore illegal, and nothing can be recovered thereon; notice is hereby given to all Riders, Printers, Shopkeepers, and others their agents whatever, in the different Country Towns and other parts of Great Britain, that all and every perſon or perſons who ſhall be found ſelling any ſuch, or any other illegal chances, ſhares, or agreements in the Lottery, ſhall be proſecuted with the utmoſt rigour of the law, and all Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, Headboroughs, and other Civil Officers within their reſpective juriſdictions are ſtrictly required by the act of 27 of his preſent Majeſty, c. 1. to uſe their utmoſt endeavours to prevent the committing of any of the offences above mentioned. And the Public are hereby requeſted to give their aſſiſtance, by ſending information to this office of the perſons that may be found offending as aforeſaid. T. WOOD,
Inſpector of Lottery Offices.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Wedneſday the 4th November next, in George Gibb's Coffeehouſe, Leith, between twelve and two o'clock afternoon,



THE BRIG
BETSEY OF GREENOCK,
Of about 200 tons burden, with her materials, as ſhe preſently lies in the harbour of Leith.

Inventory and conditions of ſale will be ſeen in the hands of Meſſ. John Kay and Co. ſhip-brokers there, or William Macgill and Co. Greenock.

EDUCATION.

JOHN ROBERTSON reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public, That at his Mercantile Academy, No. 83. *South Bridge Street*, the following Branches of Education are taught.

The ENGLISH LANGUAGE grammatically, in private Claſſes.

WRITING, Plain and Ornamental, in all the various hands now in uſe.

ARITHMETIC, Theoretical and Practical, on a new and much improved plan.

BOOK-KEEPING, by general and particular rules, leading to eaſe and accuracy in buſineſs.—A Courſe of Lectures upon the uſe of the GLOBES and MAPS, particularly adapted for Young Ladies and Gentlemen who wiſh to be completed in the ſtudy of GEOGRAPHY, is juſt commenced.

The Public may depend that the above branches will be taught after the moſt modern improvements; and the moſt expeditious method of conducting buſineſs in a counting houſe or public office.

☞ Mr ROBERTSON means to open a ſubſcription for publiſhing a Syſtem of Theoretical and Practical Arithmetic, by Decimals and Logarithms, with calculations of all the different kinds, and tables of foreign money throughout the globe, reduced to their true value in ſterling money. The manuſcripts may ſoon be in his hands, ready for the Preſs.

Such as cannot attend his Public Claſſes, or would prefer a private hour, may be waited on either at the Academy or their own lodgings.

To be SOLD at THOMAS MAIN's, Gardener, upon the Path Road, leading to Leith.

A Large Quantity of BEECHES, at 2s. 6d. per thouſand; and a large quantity of SPRUCE FIRS, at 2s. 6d. per ditto.

ALSO a quantity of SILVER FIRS, at 10s. 6d. per thouſand; and a quantity of BALM of GUILEAD FIRS, at 10s. 6d. per ditto.

TREES,

OF moſt kinds and ſizes, are now ſelling off at very low rates, by Robert Browne, agent to Mr White at Allanbank, near Dunſe, Berwickſhire.

N. B. A quantity of FLOWERING SHRUBS and QUICKWOOD, alſo to be ſold very cheap.

☞ The Trees may be readily delivered at Dunſe or Berwick.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
There is to be SOLD next week,

A Great Aſſortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, in No. 27, South Bridge Street, conſiſting of feather beds, matreſſes, blankets, mounted beds, deſks, drawers, and a great deal of other articles too tedious to mention.

The ſale to commence on Monday firſt.

SALE OF CATTLE IN ARGYLE-SHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thurſday the 12th day of November next 1789,

THE whole STOCK of BLACK CATTLE upon the Lands of HAYNISH and MANNAL, in TYREE, lately poſſeſſed by the deceaſed Captain John Campbell of the 57th regiment.

SALE OF HABERDASHERY GOODS,
AT DUNDEE.

On Monday the 9th of November next, at ten o'clock forenoon, will begin to be SOLD by auction, in the Trades-Hall of Dundee, by authority of the Truſtee on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of William Thome, merchant, Dundee,

THE WHOLE STOCK of GOODS in his ſhop in Dundee, conſiſting of Printed Cottons, Muſlins, Cambrics, Lawns, Demitties, Corduroys, Broad and Narrow Cloths, Broad and Narrow Mancoes, Durants, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Hats, and Stockings, Ribbons, Laces, and a great variety of other Haberdaſhery Goods.

As the ſtock of Goods conſiſts of ſeveral thouſand pounds ſterling in value, and as they are to be ſet up in lots from five to twenty-five pounds ſterling, merchants and others will have a good opportunity of purchaſing on reaſonable terms, more eſpecially as the goods muſt be ſold without reſerve.—Purchaſers to the extent of ten pounds ſterling and upwards, will be allowed five months credit, on granting proper ſecurity.

The roup to continue till all be ſold off; and begin at ten o'clock forenoon each day during the ſale.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE WINE CELLAR in Nicolſon's ſtreet, lately occupied by Mr John Fairbairn. Apply to William Sibbald merchant in Leith, or William Balderſton writer to the ſignet.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE MARY,
JOHN HAY Maſter,
Is now lying at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, will ſail 11th November 1789, to be depended on.

This ſhip was built on purpoſe for the trade, and has great accommodation for paſſengers.

The Maſter to be ſpoke with at the Edinburgh Coffee-houſe, No. 1. Sweething's Alley; mornings and evenings on board.

AT LEITH
For Inverneſs, Findhorn, and Cromarty,
THE SMACK CULLODEN,
ALEXANDER M'LAREN Maſter,
Will ſail on Monday the 2d of November, when the Rainbow will take the birth, for freight or paſſage apply to John Watſon, Leith, or the Maſter.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be ſold by public Roup, within the houſe of David Methven, vintner in Coupar, on Tueſday the 10th of November 1789, between three and four afternoon.

THE Lands of BRIDGE-END, belonging to Alexander Bonthron, Eſq; lying in the parish of Ceres, and county of Fife, within two miles of Coupar, the head burgh of the ſhire, ſix miles of St Andrews, and about the like diſtance from the ſouth coaſt of Fife. The Lands contain about 40 acres, are pleaſantly ſituated, completely incloſed, and ſubdivided into 5 parks, with dikes and double hedges, which have been kept in good order. The whole are ſurrounded with a belt of planting, and there are ſtripes between each diviſion, containing about thirty thouſand trees, planted about 10 years ago, and all in a moſt thriving condition.

The parks are well watered, and the lands may be highly improved at a moderate expence, as there is plenty of lime and coal in the immediate neighbourhood, and other manure may be had from the village of Ceres. There is no houſe upon the lands; but there are ſeveral excellent ſituations for building.

The lands may be entered to at Martinmas firſt; and any part of the price the purchaſer chuſes may remain in his hands upon proper ſecurity.

For further particulars, apply to Mr James Gardiner, town-clerk of Cupar.

LONDON GAZETTE, Oct. 27.

ST JAMES'S *October* 26.

THIS day, being the anniversary of the King's Accession to the Throne, when his Majesty entered into the thirtieth year of his reign, the guns in the Park and at the Tower were fired at one o'clock; and in the evening there were illuminations, and other public demonstrations of joy, in London and Westminster.

WHITEHALL, *October* 27.

The King has been pleased to declare and ordain, by his Royal Sign Manual, that Cecil Hamilton, daughter of the Honourable and Reverend George Hamilton, Master of Arts, and Canon of Windsor, deceased, brother of the Right Honourable James Earl of Abercorn, also deceased, shall have and enjoy the same place, pre-eminence, and precedency, in all assemblies or meetings whatsoever, as the daughter of an Earl of the kingdom of Great Britain; and his Majesty has also been pleased to order that the same be registered in the College of Arms.

VIENNA, *October* 12.

Major-General Klebeck arrived here early this morning with the news of the surrender of the fortress of Belgrade to the Austrians, on the 8th instant. The particulars are not yet published.

PARIS, *October* 22.

The National Assembly commenced business at the Archbishop's palace on Monday last.

BANKRUPT.

Stephen Purkis of Mile End, in the county of Middlesex, builder.—Jacob Levy and Lewis Levy of Gardenicourt, Aldgate High-street, in the parish of St Botolph, in the city of London, fenoloms, vermicella, and macaroni-manufacturers.—Thomas Ingram Surrey, victualler.—John Oxenham, late of Long-lane, in the parish of St Martin in the Fields, in the county of Middlesex.—James Lomax of Market-lane, in the parish of St James's, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, money-scrivener.—William Richard of the town of Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, victualler.—Samuel Holmes, now or late of Froome Selwood, in the county of Somerset, innholder and victualler.—Richard Rees of Neath, in the county of Glamorgan, shop-keeper.—Thomas Tremlett, late of Dartmouth, in the county of Devon, merchant.

LLOYD's LIST.—Oct. 27.

THE Experiment, Burges, from Newcastle for Rouen, is lost on the Goodwin Sands; the crew saved.

The Adventure, Keen, from the South Fishery, sailed from St Helena the 26th of August, in company with the Sandwich, Gage.

The Vrow Gertry, Chasson, from Stockholm for L'Orient, is put into Cowes with four feet water in her Hold.

A French sloop laden with pot ashes, from Rouen for Brest, is lost off the Isle of Wight.

The Friends, Scott, from Gottenburgh to Leghorn, is put into Hull in distress.

The Jane, Heath, from Newfoundland to the Fishery on the Banks, was run down by a vessel unknown; the crew saved.

The Alteration, Potthas, from Archangel to Bourdeaux, is burnt off the Texel; the crew saved.

The Norwich, Nicolson, from Liebaw to Holland, is lost on the Dutch coast.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 3.—France, 1.—Holland, 2.—Flanders, 2.
Due—Ireland, 7.

SURRENDER OF BELGRADE.

VIENNA, *Oct.* 12.

Seven o'clock in the morning.

A courier has just arrived with dispatches from Marshal Laudohn, by whom we are informed, that his Excellency, on the 1st of October had opened a parallel, running along the glacis of the fortress of Belgrade, towards the left of the Save, only 150 paces distant from the covered-way, by means of 2000 pioneers, and 300 peasants, notwithstanding of three sallies on the part of the enemy.

On the 5th, the ditch was nearly filled with fascines, and most of the artillery in the fortress dismantled, so that our troops could make their approaches nearly to the head of the covered-way. All the materials for springing mines under the capitals of the two bastions, and those for demolishing the raveline, were also prepared.

October 6th.—All the batteries, whether of cannon or mortars, were ready to play upon the besieged; and at eight o'clock they began to act with prodigious effect. About twelve, the enemy's fire became slack; so that their troops were chaced by our men from the covered-way, while the bombs and hand-grenades set fire to different places of the fortifications.

At noon, the Pacha requested an armistice of fourteen days, to consult the inhabitants about the surrender of the place. This was, however, denied, and our fire continued with redoubled vigour.

October 7th.—The Pacha having written a letter, in which he begged a suspension of hostilities for a few hours, this has been accordingly agreed to, and four Turks of distinction having arrived in our camp, a Lieutenant-Colonel and two Majors have been sent on our part into the fortress, to hear the proposals of the Governor.

OCTOBER 12.—*at noon.*

General Klebeck arrived here a few hours since, with dispatches from Marshal Laudohn, dated the Camp before Belgrade, containing the joyful and interesting news of that fortress having been taken possession of by the Imperial troops on the 8th instant, on which day Osman Pacha, seeing that he could no longer resist our victorious arms, hung out the white flag.

The General, who was dressed as a courier, immediately on his arrival, waited on the Emperor, who, although in bed, on hearing that he came from Belgrade, immediately rose, and recollecting him, notwithstanding his disguise, asked with great emotion, What news? When this officer announced to him the capture of that important fortress, his Imperial Majesty's satisfaction was unbounded!

At twelve o'clock, General Klebeck, preceded by four officers belonging to the post-office, and twenty-four postilions on horseback, paraded the principal streets of Vienna, in his way to the residence of the Field Marshal Count de Haddick, President of the Council of War, to whom he made a report of the victory.

During the procession, the populace assembled in prodigious numbers, and shouted, "Long live Laudohn, the father of his country!"

The joy that prevails at present in this capital is inconceivable.

The Emperor, to testify his approbation of the conduct of Marshal Laudohn, has permitted him to wear the Order of Maria Theresa, set with brilliants, (an honour never enjoyed before but by his Imperial Majesty), and has sent him, for this purpose, the diamond cross worn by his own father; and also his Cordon, richly studded with jewels.

The terms granted to the enemy are extremely favourable, considering the situation of the fortress.—The following is a copy of the

ARTICLES OF CAPITULATION.

Article I.—Since God, from all eternity, has decreed, that this fortress shall be taken, it is demanded, on the part of the Pacha, Governor of Belgrade, that all the ammunition and provisions belonging to the Grand Signior, specified in the schedule annexed, shall be preserved for his use, and that none of the Imperial troops shall interrupt the Ottoman garrison, nor seize their arms, nor insult or molest them in any manner whatever.

Answer.—Notwithstanding the garrison refused the propositions formerly made by me, and do not merit either favourable or honourable terms, I am resolved, in consequence of those sentiments of moderation and humanity, so conspicuously displayed on all occasions by the Emperor, my august master, to observe the same towards his enemies.

I therefore agree, that the garrison shall be permitted freely to depart, carrying with them their property and their families, on condition, however, that they preserve and faithfully deliver up all the effects belonging to the Grand Signior, consisting of the artillery, ammunition, and warlike stores, as also the Saicks, and other vessels of war, provision, forage, and treasure; and that they also discover all the mines, fortifications, &c. &c. either above or under ground.

Provided also, That the Upper Fortress be immediately evacuated, and that the works thrown up before the gates facing the road that leads to Constantinople, and those opposite the river, be demolished; so that the garrison, with their arms, may leave the place by means of these two gates, and march along the side of the Danube.

The women and children, with all their effects, shall also remain in the fortress, until the departure of the garrison; and it is my order, that a proper number of men shall remain with them as a guard.

Art. II.—It is demanded, that the silk tapestry, and all other effects, shall pass freely without violence or molestation.

Answer.—Granted accordingly.

Art. III.—It is demanded, that, for our entire and perfect security, and to prevent all insult to our honour, and to our lives, as also to our women and our children, that a sufficient escort be granted us to Nissa, which escort shall be prohibited from doing us the least injury; but, on the contrary, shall be charged to procure us water, wood, grass, hay, and every thing necessary for our maintenance and support, free of all expence, and to conduct us in this manner to the place of our destination.

Answer.—The garrison, with all their families and effects, shall be conducted in safety to Orsowa, for which purpose boats shall be provided, and stations appointed, where they shall land daily, bread, wood, and a proper escort shall also be allowed; but four Turkish officers of rank shall be detained as hostages, for the return of the soldiers thus employed.

Art. IV.—It is demanded, that for the transportation of the merchandize, effects, &c. of those who have no beasts of burden, and for the conveyance of the women, children, and the wounded, proper carriages and horses be procured if necessary.

Answer.—This is already provided for; it will, however, be necessary to send a particular account of the number to be transported, that vessels may be prepared accordingly.

Art. V.—It is demanded, that the provisions belonging to the merchants may be permitted to be sold at a fixed price; save and except what may be conveyed in the transports.

Answer.—Granted; and if any chuse to leave their effects, they may appoint Turkish Commissioners to see that justice is done in the sale of them.

Art. VI.—It is demanded, that the Jews and Christians of Servia shall be treated with every degree of indulgence during their journey.

Answer.—The escort shall take care to see this Article fulfilled.

Art. VII.—It is demanded, that the Ottoman garrison shall not be stopped or detained in their journey, under any pretext whatever.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. VIII.—It is demanded, that the Christians of Servia, who may have been converted to the Mahometan Faith, be not claimed, stopped, or detained.

Answer.—The Christian subjects who chuse to depart immediately, shall not be claimed, stopped, or detained; neither will we demand those who may have embraced the religion of Mahomet, as *we despise such despicable wretches*.

Art. IX.—It is demanded, that the prisoners made by either party shall be exchanged.

Answer.—All deserters and prisoners whatever, shall be left in the garrison, and no exchange shall take place.

Art. X.—It is demanded, that when, by the blessing of God, we are allowed to depart, the troops shall not travel above four or five hours a-day.

Answer.—Proper stations shall be fixed, so that the troops may travel without any degree of fatigue.

Art. XI.—It is demanded, that the proper vehicles be appointed for the carriage of the troops, &c. that stations be fixed for the garrison, and the day of departure also fixed.

Answer.—As soon as the necessary number of boats can be procured, the day of departure shall be fixed.

Art. XII.—It is demanded, that no molestation or hinderance shall be used in regard to the Christian subjects, who are and may chuse to depart with us.

Answer.—This has already been provided for.

Art. XIII.—It is requested of your Excellency, that you will give the most rigorous and efficacious orders, that neither the Imperial troops, nor any others, shall disturb, molest, or maltreat our wives and families.

Signed by the
PACHA COMMANDANT,
AND CHIEF TURKISH OFFICERS.

Answer.—All this I agree to, and for your further surety, sign the Capitulation with my hand.

It is, however, expressly insisted, that the vessels for transporting the garrison on their debarkation at Orsowa, shall be allowed to return to the Danube in safety, without molestation from the Turkish cruizers, or suffering any wrong or damage whatever.

Signed by the
FIELD MARSHAL BARON DE LAUDOHN,
Commander in Chief, &c.

BRUSSELS, *Oct.* 23.

The detection of a plot, which is at once an object of dread, and a pretext for severity, has driven the Government of the Netherlands to the last extremity. An edict has been issued, which enjoins every individual and corporation to surrender their arms within twenty-four hours; limits to eight days the term prescribed for the return of the States of Brabant, upon pain of confiscation and banishment; declares all persons who are guilty of the misprision of any design against the Imperial authority, accomplices in the crime; and permits (O Bureau Couronnée) the soldiers to put to death, on the spot, those who may be taken in any commotion.

The object of the leaders of the late bold conspiracy, is supposed to have extended only to the surprise of the town, and the overpowering the garrison with as little effusion of blood as possible. These devoted victims, unseduced by promises, and unappalled by threats, refuse discovering, with a firmness that appears to their oppressors the most criminal and contumacious. Enough is only discovered to evince the implacable spirit of the people, and to demonstrate how widely the spirit of revolt is extended. In the vault of one church were found 8000 cartridges and a case of 500 muskets. Similar discoveries are made in the gardens of two convents, and in the warehouses of several merchants. The houses of the inhabitants have been searched for arms. The number of those who have been apprehended on suspicion of being accomplices in the conspiracy is about forty. Of these, three, it is said, are destined for execution on Monday: M. d'Abrimij, a wine-merchant; M. Frisco, assistant town engineer; and M. Secrettang, Preceptor to the Duke d'Ursel. The fate of Secrettang is peculiarly deplored. Eminently distinguished for genius, literature, and virtue, he is to expiate in the flower of youth his enlightened zeal for the cause of humanity, and of freedom.

The instances of the Imperial Ministers at the Hague to obtain an exclusion of the Brabancons, have proved unsuccessful. The answer of the States General was evasive and ambiguous, and confirms the reports which have spread, that the dispositions of the three allied powers is not inimical to the inhabitants of the Belgic Provinces.

PARIS, THURSDAY—*October* 22.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

After the President had made his report to the Assembly, that the Royal sanction had been given to the severe martial law of yesterday; and that the jurisdiction, entrusted for a time to the Chatelet, was to be sanctioned as this evening—the order of the day was entered upon. This was

THE QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTORS.

The first qualification relates to age, and this is fixed at twenty-five.

The next relates to property, and it was fixed, that the voter must pay *a direct annual contribution to the state, to the value of three days labour.*

CHATELET DE PARIS.

Friday, Oct. 23.

The Chatelet has already had occasion to exercise the power delegated to them by the National Assembly. They have this day found guilty, condemned to death, and caused to be executed, according to Martial Law, two of the leaders concerned in the riots of Wednesday.

The one, named Blin, was found guilty of being the person who dragged the unfortunate baker out of his shop, of letting down the cord made use of to hang him, and afterwards carrying the head of the victim about the streets.

The other, of the name of Adrien, was convicted of popular insurrection, by engaging the inhabitants of the Faubourg Saint Antoine to rise, to insist on having bread at two sols a pound, of forcing himself into Convents and taking away their fusils, and of having circulated cards, inviting the Citizens to insurrection. These two sentences were executed immediately after judgment given.

LONDON,——OCTOBER 28.

This day, at noon, the King came from Windsor in his carriage, attended as usual by a party of light horse, to St James's Palace, where his Majesty had a Levee.

Neither the Queen, nor either of the Princesses, arrived in town this day at noon.

The Prince of Wales, and his suite, were not arrived in town this day at noon.

DR WILLIS.—These are his rewards, and never before exactly stated—

For himself, 1000 l. a-year.
Dr John Willis, 500 l. a-year.
Reverend Mr Willis, Windsor Canonry.
The younger Son, a ship.

Monday advice was received in town of the arrival of the Contractor East Indiaman, from China, at St Helena, the 26th of August. This ship has been long expected, and the underwriters have had great fears for her safety. Her crew have been uncommonly sickly; for which reason, Captain Bartlett intended staying at St Helena a month to recruit their health, which is much longer than the usual time of the ships stay at that island.

Since the Emperor's return to Vienna, Sir Robert Murray Keith, our Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to that Court, had actually proposed to Prince Kaunitz terms of accommodation between the Imperial Allies on the one hand, and the Porte on the other.

Sir Robert Murray Keith proposed as a preliminary article, a cessation of hostilities for six months, during which time he said his Court would communicate the terms to the Porte, and support them with all its influence and weight.

But the face of affairs having undergone a change since the fall of Belgrade, Prince Kaunitz told Sir Robert, that he made no doubt but that, as soon as the Court of St James's should have been informed of that event, it would not think the proposed terms such as the Emperor and Empress ought to listen to in the then state of affairs.

The first article of the capitulation of Belgrade, is a singular proof of that principle which the Turks hold sacred, predestination. It runs, "Since God, from all eternity, has decreed that this fortress shall be taken," &c.—What a pity that Laudohn did not know this before; he had then only to sit down and wait quietly the issue, without expending so much powder and ball.

The success of the Austrian arms this campaign, superior as it has been to the last, will operate no further than to bring on a peace, or rather a cessation of arms for a few years. It is so totally contrary to the interests of all Europe besides, that if the Imperialists should prevail over the Turks, the latter will certainly be supported in rejecting such terms, as the Imperialists, flushed with victory, may think proper to ask.

It is said, that before the fall of Belgrade, the Turks offered, of their own accord, to cede Choczim and Wallachia to the Emperor—and Oczakow and Moldavia to the Empress.

Marshal Romanzow is, at all events, to winter in Moldavia.

Russia, in the mean time, is taking measures, which leave room to apprehend, that though she is likely soon to be at peace with Turkey, her arms will not be unemployed next summer. The Empress has already issued an order for enlisting one man out of every 100 in her dominions.

This measure will add between 80,000 and 90,000 to her armies.

When the German Courier, who brought over the dispatches for Comte de Revickey, the Imperial Ambassador, left Vienna, it was reported, and believed in that city, that the Imperial army would follow up their success at Belgrade, by a further incursion into the Turkish dominions towards the capital itself, as soon as they had secured their prisoners, put a proper garrison into the fortress, and taken other measures necessary upon the occasion.

LADY WALLACE.

So very anxious are the Queen of France's party to destroy the influence the Duke of Orleans has over the minds of the people, that his enemies even accuse him of an intention to *poison* the Queen, and to *dethrone* the King! and, to give credit to the report, they arrest and examine all his friends, and seize all their papers. Lady Wallace, amongst the rest, was arrested in the middle of the night, and carried, by 500 armed men, to the Hotel de Ville, to answer interrogations, and to shew all her letters and papers. She became suspected of knowing his politics, because he visited her, and that she had gone into the country to the Duchess of Orleans's, with his sister and brother.

They sent a party of soldiers to search for her at the Duchess's house; but they having returned to Paris that day, she was taken at her own house; and without any fear, although amidst assassins and bloodhounds, surrounded by guards, she went before the *Etats Generaux*. The police and army assembled, though three in the morning. She answered in such a manner to their interrogations, as refuted all their base accusations against the Duke. Except some scraps of poetry, no papers were found, not even a *billet doux*; and, with a spirit and composure which astonished and charmed M. de la Fayette, she reprobated their conduct, insisted on satisfaction, which they gave her by the most ample apologies; and, with every mark of respect, she was conducted home, after an examination of seven hours.

It is reported, and it is feared, in France, that there is some foundation for the report, that Spain, Naples, Rome, and Tuscany, mean to exclude the French from the Levant trade, and offer it to the English. This would be as advantageous to us, as it would be injurious to France, by whom the Levant trade has been, for some years back, in a manner engrossed.

M. Bailly has again been called before the Assembly, and adhering to his former declaration, he assured them that, under proper regulations, the quantity of provisions in Paris was fully equal to its consumption.

No less than 200,000 families are said to have quitted France on account of her present distracted state; and as the exiles in general were those possessed of the greatest property, they are calculated to have drained the nation of fifty millions of money.

Not less than 30 carriages, with foreigners of some distinction, have arrived in town since Saturday last.—The unsettled state of government on the continent, will, in all probability, cause London to be fuller than at any period for years past.

The Duke of Orleans is not invested with any diplomatic character to this country, either on the French King's personal affairs, or his own views in Brabant. His Highness has no commission whatever to transact in England.

The King of France strongly advised the Duke to come to England, saying, he should be extremely sorry to hear of any indignities offered to a Prince of the Blood. The Marquis de la Fayette advised his Highness in the same manner, adding, that he would no longer be responsible for his safety, several very unpleasant reports having been circulated in France respecting the Duke of Orleans' conduct during the present revolution.

Turin is to be the principal residence of all the Royal Family of France. The Prince de Conde and his son, and the Count d'Artois, his Lady, and his children, all are there, and will pass the winter with the King of Sardinia.

The poor woman, whose husband, the baker, we mentioned in our last to have been hanged by the populace in Paris on Wednesday last, was ignorant of his fate till some hours after he was dead. Seeing a mob gather about her house, she enquired for her husband, when these savages, who had been carrying his head about the streets in triumph, threw the bleeding object in her face, adding, that there was part of his remains, which she might keep. The poor woman instantly dropped down, and died in five minutes after on the spot!

This anecdote is so barbarous, that we should have hoped, for the honour of human nature, it had not been true; but the fact is authenticated, and will probably fill a page in the history of the Revolution.—The poor baker's crime was having concealed fifty loaves of bread, and possibly with no kind of criminal intention!

In consequence of this riot, the Martial Law was immediately passed, and carried to the King for his royal assent. In three hours after, it was printed and published through the streets of Paris, and copies ordered to be sent throughout the kingdom.

In Paris there are 30,000 citizens armed and accoutred, many of whom are far from being ill-disciplined. The Hotel de Ville, the seat of primary justice, is in face of the place of execution; the National Assembly holds its sittings at the Archbishop's palace; their Majesties reside at the Thuilleries; and, notwithstanding this union of circumstances, a citizen may be taken out of his house by a lawless mob, and assassinated, not at a single stroke, and in the night, but in open day, and with the utmost deliberation, without meeting with the least interruption.

The strong law which the National Assembly have at length passed, has already been put in execution. Seven persons, who were principally concerned in the tumult of last week, and in the murder of the baker, have been summarily tried, convicted, and hanged.—This example will, we trust, have its effect, and take from the enemies of human freedom the only objection which they have had the confidence to state against the progress of the Revolution.

IRISH BRIGADE.

The Duke Fitzjames has actually written to his cousin the Duke of Berwick, who is a General in the Spanish service, to request that he will make his Catholic Majesty a tender of the service of this regiment, which, fighting at Almanza, under the command of the great General whose name it still bears, contributed not a little to the victory there obtained, which placed his Majesty's family on the throne of Spain.

By the articles signed by Lewis XIV. and the Irish Chiefs, the latter, their heirs and successors, were left at liberty to withdraw the Irish troops from the French, if they should be disposed so to do, on giving timely notice of such their intention.—And as they

were completely armed and accoutred when they entered France, they were to be allowed to carry away with them, whenever they ſhould think proper to go, their arms, regimentals, &c. One regiment of Iriſh actually availed itſelf of thoſe articles, in the early part of the preſent century, and went into the ſervice of Spain.

The expectations that had been formed of his Royal Highneſs Prince Edward coming to England this year, are now at an end. The Prince's birth-day on Monday next, when he enters his twenty-third year, will, therefore, not be noticed.

The Princeſs Royal's houſehold is to be fully eſtabliſhed in January next; an eſtabliſhment will alſo be made about the ſame time for the Princeſs Auguſta, her next ſiſter, who comes of age in November.

Among other Court events that are to take place ſhortly, is the creation of Prince Edward, to be Duke of Lancaſter: This will be the laſt creation in the Royal Family for ſome time; the Princes Erneſt, Auguſtus, and Adolphus, who are likewiſe to have peerages, being juniors by ſome years.

Parliament will meet on the day they are prorogued to in December—and then be further prorogued to February, when they will meet for the diſpatch of buſineſs.

Powel, the famous pedeſtrian, ſet out yeſterday for Newmarket, where he is to run, on Friday next, one mile in five minutes and twenty ſeconds, for a wager of 20 l. if the weather is favourable; if not, on the day following;—upon the event of which, many wagers are depending, to a conſiderable amount.

Several natives of Greenland attracted the attention of the populace yeſterday afternoon, by their walking the ſtreets of the metropolis, in the complete hairy habits of their country. They are lately arrived in three of the ſhips from that northern clime.

A lock of hair has recently been imported from *Armenia*, by an eminent dealer in that article, at the weſt end of the town. It is of a moſt beautiful colour, is above five feet in length, and is valued at the *moderate* ſum of eighty guineas!

The Government of Bruſſels has lately taken a ſtrong reſolution, which is nothing leſs than to diſarm all the ſubjects of the Auſtrian Low Countries, except thoſe who are in the actual ſervice of the Emperor. A proclamation for this purpoſe was publiſhed the 19th inſtant. It enjoins all the inhabitants, both of towns and country, of what rank and condition ſoever, except as above excepted, to deliver within twenty-four hours to the neareſt Magiſtrate, an account in writing of all the fire arms of every kind, powder, ball, cartridges, &c. in their poſſeſſion; and to deliver to ſuch officer, whether civil or military, as ſhall demand the ſame, all the ſaid arms, &c. ſpecified in the ſaid written account, on pain of being reputed and proſecuted as favourers of ſedition. This injunction extends to corporations who may poſſeſs any arms and ammunition whatever, and alſo to dealers in thoſe articles, whether by wholeſale or retail.

The proclamation threatens all inhabitants, whether natural-born ſubjects or foreigners, with proſecution, who knowing of any plot againſt the State ſhall not forthwith reveal it. At the ſame time it promiſes, that the names of informers ſhall be moſt religiouſly concealed.

It declares, that all thoſe, who in any riot or inſurrection ſhall be taken with arms in their hands, ſhall be puniſhed on the ſpot with death, without any form of trial.

Finally, it ſtates, that the greateſt part of the Abbots and Nobles, and ſome of the Commons, having had the preſumption to withdraw from the country ſince the factions had dared to form plots with a certain degree of eclat againſt the authority of the Sovereign, his Imperial Majeſty commands all Abbots, Nobles, and Members of the Tiers Etat, or Commons, who on any pretence, or for any cauſe whatever, have withdrawn from the country, to return to it within eight days from the date of the proclamation. In caſe of diſobedience, the Abbots are condemned to baniſhment for life from all his Majeſty's dominions; and the Nobles and Commons to the like puniſhment of baniſhment for life, and to the further puniſhment of confiſcation of all their eſtates, real and perſonal, and are declared incapable of taking, either by deſcent or under a will, any eſtate that may hereafter fall to them in the Auſtrian Netherlands.

The Duke of Aremberg alone will loſe by the execution of this edict about 36,000 l. a year.

They write from Oirſchot, a large town under Bois-le-Duc, that three Brabanters came there, and aſked for quarters for five or ſix hundred men, which was granted them by the municipality, and theſe ſoldiers ſoon after arrived with many waggons and arms, and ſome tons of powder, which were immediately ſent off for Tilbourg. This corps departed from Oirſchot on the 11th, ſaying, "about two thouſand of their countrymen would ſoon follow;" of whom about 350 did really arrive a little after, who, like the firſt, ſaid that their rendezvous was at Breda, though they took the road to Tilbourg. On Wedneſday the 14th, an hundred of the inhabitants of Namur came again to Oirſchot. It is certain that the emigration from the Belgic Provinces is very conſiderable, and they ſay that 900 went off from Malines in one day, 400 of whom were hatters.

The Advocate Van der Noot of Bruſſels is at the head of the refugees, having under him, as they ſay, the ancient Rector of the Univerſity of Louvain. They are formed into different companies, under the names and with the arms of the religious houſes ſuppreſſed by the Emperor; and, to keep up the ſpirit of fanaticiſm, the Monks that are amongſt them diſtribute their conſecrated rings in plenty.

Their High Mightineſſes have publiſhed a placard, which has been diſtributed all over Dutch Brabant, prohibiting all emigrants in arms from Auſtrian Brabant from taking poſt in the territories of the Republic, and alſo to prohibit the tranſportation of arms and ammunition, as well as all military meetings under the pretext of diſcipline and exerciſe.

The Emperor's Hungarian dominions are threatened with a revolt. The inhabitants of that country have long been diſſatisfied with their government, ſince the time that the crown of Hungary was taken from Prague to the Royal Treaſury of Vienna. The example of other nations is not likely to quell them.

The Emperor is ſtill in ſo weak a ſtate of health, that it is hardly probable he can live through the winter. He relapſes again every day, and his ſtrength viſibly fails him. It was long ſince predicted that he would die with the fall of the leaf, and we have no doubt the event will prove the truth of it.

Marſhal Laudohn has diſmiſſed Count Colorado, Commander in Chief of the artillery, and General Magdebourg, Chief of the Pioneer Corps, from the army before Belgrade, for diſobedience of orders.

On receiving his diſmiſſal, Count Colorado refuſed to obey it, and threatened to write to the Emperor:—The Marſhal replied very ſhortly, that in that caſe he might carry the letter himſelf; for he ſhould prohibit the poſt from taking it, and that further he deprived him of all rank in his army.

Mad. Buffon attended the Duke d'Orleans on his journey, in boy's cloaths:—The Buffons are all *Naturaliſts*, and, under this *Mania*, regard neither difficulties nor dangers!

The King of France gives up the paſtry of his table to ſpread, in theſe times of ſcarcity, an example of frugality. When Rome was diſtreſſed, Suetonius relates that Nero ſpent upwards of 4,000,000 of Seſterces—or 30,000 l. ſterling, at one ſupper in Roſes!

The Commons of Paris no ſooner obtained the licenſe of the National Aſſembly to ſearch the houſes of particular people, than they ordered the ſeals of the city to be placed on ſeveral of the apartments of the palace of Verſailles. The Count d'Eſtaign's papers were ſerved in the ſame manner.

A religious community in Paris have ſold their Crucifix, their ſacred Vaſes, and other uteniils belonging to their Chapel, for the ſum of ten thouſand crowns. The purchaſer is a Jew.

"We have," ſays a French Journaliſt, "four enemies fighting againſt us at this inſtant—Metaphyſics, Variety, Ambition, and Revenge; and of theſe, the firſt would make us a Romance—the ſecond a Theatre—the third a Field of Battle—and the fourth a Deſart!"

It is not a little curious, that the firſt inſtance the French gave to prove their country a land of freedom, was to rob their King of his title, and then deprive him of his liberty!

The King of the Franks is now little more than a cypher, and nothing leſs than a priſoner; his name is ſometimes required to ſanction meaſures, which perhaps he deteſts, but which he cannot oppoſe.

According to letters from Madrid, their new Sovereign, Charles the Fourth, the day after his public inauguration, had given orders for an account of all the debts of the Crown, in the ſeveral departments, foreign and domeſtic, civil, eccleſiaſtical, naval, and military, to be laid before him, with as much ſpeed as convenience would permit; his Majeſty having formed a reſolution for their being fully diſcharged.

NEWMARKET HOUGHTON MEETING.

Monday, Oct. 26.

There has not been a match for many years which ſo much engroſſed the attention of the turf, as that run this day, between his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales's Traveller, and his Grace the Duke of Bedford's Diomed, 8 ſt. each, B. C. for five hundred guineas. From the time the match was made, till they came to the ſtarting-poſt, betts ran even—at that time Traveller was rather the favourite; but although five to four was offered to be taken to any amount, there was no one would venture to lay it. Upon ſtarting, however, Traveller took the lead, and very ſoon left Diomed at ſome diſtance, which no efforts on the part of his rider could recover, and he at length paſſed the winning poſt with all the eaſe imaginable, while his antagoniſt was at leaſt four or five lengths behind.

During the race the odds varied, from five to four, to ten to one.

It is ſuppoſed, that near 200,000 l. was betted on the above race.

A Sweepſtakes for 200 gs. each, h. ft. R. M. was won by

Prince of Wales's Lance, 7 ſt. 10 lb.	-	1
Sir W. Aſton's Marcia, 7 ſt.	-	2
Mr Galwey's Grey Pantaloon, 7 ſt. 2 lb.	-	3
Mr Lake's c. by Highflyer,	-	pd.

Six to four on Lance.

DUEL.

Monday morning, at a few minutes after ſeven o'clock, a duel was fought in a field at Hammerſmith, between Mr R. C. of a *Great Houſe* in the city, and Lieut. J. N. L. in the King's ſervice; when they met, it was agreed, that they ſhould ſtand at the diſtance of ten paces, and that they ſhould fire both at the ſame time, on a ſignal from the ſeconds, when Mr C. received a ſlight wound in his right ſide: the ſeconds then interfered, and Mr L. quitted his ground, aſking Mr C. if he was ſatisfied; who anſwered—"By no means!"

They again reſumed their ground, and fired as before, when Mr C. lodged a ball in the hip of Mr L. which put an end to the affair.

It originated by the latter gentleman reviling the character of a friend of Mr C. who is now in Dorſetſhire, which, in his abſence, he found himſelf bound to reſent.

PORTSMOUTH, *October 23.*

Yeſterday morning, two of the convicts at Cumberland Fort effected their eſcape, by a very ingenious ſtratagem:

Being employed in the carpenter's ſhop, they went to work as uſual, and found means to ſaw off their irons, and to get themſelves ſhaved and dreſſed, each having a complete ſuit of genteel cloaths, ſilk ſtockings, &c. concealed about them. Thus equipped, they paſſed the different guards arm in arm, without the ſmalleſt ſuſpicion, aſking ſundry queſtions of the centinels as they paſſed, and got clear off ſeveral hours before they were miſſed.

PRICE OF STOCKS, Oct. 28.

Bank Stock, —	Tontine, —
3 per cent. red. 78⅝ a ⅞.	India Stock, —
Ditto con. 79¼ a ⅜.	Ditto Ann. —
Ditto 1726, —	Ditto Bonds, 105.
4 per cent. con. ſhut, 98¼ a 97⅞ a ½ op.	South Sea Stock, —
5 per cent. 117⅞ a ¾ a ⅞.	Old Ann. ſhut.
Bank Long Ann. 23⅞ a 7-16th.	New Ditto, 78⅛.
Ditto, 1778, 1779, 7-10ths a ⅞.	3 per cent 1751. —
Short 1777, —	New Navy, ¼ diſc.
	Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 19 s.
	Exchequer Bills, —

WIND AT DEAL, Oct. 27. N.

EDINBURGH.

The Right Hon. Lady Cathcart was ſafely delivered of a ſon at Twickenham Common, near London, on the 28th curt.

Yeſterday morning, died at Glaſgow, William Ingram, Eſq.

FORTH AND CLYDE NAVIGATION.

It is with much ſatisfaction that we are able to announce to the public, the completion of the operations upon the old works of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, by which an additional foot of water has been acquired—an improvement which cannot fail to prove extremely beneficial to the coaſting trade of the country, as veſſels drawing eight feet water may now paſs from Grangemouth to Glaſgow, and in the courſe of ſix months, if the ſeaſon ſhould be favourable, there is every reaſon to expect that this great inland navigation will be open from ſea to ſea.

The great aqueduct over the river Kelvin is now nearly completed; and, notwithſtanding the ſeaſon has been remarkably unfavourable, the maſon-work in general, upon the navigation, is in great forwardneſs, and the digging and banking upon the new cut is almoſt finiſhed.

Theſe works, ſo ſplendid in their deſign, and ſo maſterly in the execution, become now an intereſting object of curioſity to all ſtrangers, and do great credit to the ſkill and abilities of the chief Engineer, Robert Whitworth, Eſq. Within the ſpace of half a mile from a place called Stocking-field, near Glaſgow, to the river Kelvin, there are no leſs than three aqueduct bridges; five locks, and as many circular baſons, beſides a dry dock for careening veſſels.—Such a chain of maſon work, it is believed, is not to be found of modern architecture in any part of the world. The great aqueduct carries an artificial river over a deep valley, where veſſels capable of being navigated to any part of the world will be ſeen paſſing near 70 feet above the ſpectators below, to an extent of above 400 feet in length. This noble ſtructure, which conſiſts of four arches, is placed in a ſituation truly romantic, and will form one of the moſt pictureſque ſcenes that it is poſſible to conceive, as ſoon as the navigation is opened from ſea to ſea: The extreme length of the canal will then be thirty-five miles and a quarter more, making the whole navigation thirty-ſeven miles and a half.

It muſt prove a great ſatisfaction to the public, (after ſo many interruptions,) to contemplate the near approach of the period when this great public deſign ſhall be fully completed; but to thoſe who are intereſted in the tranſit of goods from Liverpool, Dublin, and other parts of St George's Channel, to the Baltic, the German Sea, and to the numerous towns on the eaſt coaſt of England and Scotland, the proſpect of ſhortning the diſtance above 800 miles, muſt be particulary pleaſing, and cannot fail to lead the attention of ſuch commercial and ſeafaring men to the object of building veſſels properly conſtructed for this navigation.

We hear that Robert Whitworth, Eſq; the chief Engineer upon the Forth and Clyde Navigation, and who has given ſuch ſtriking proofs of his ſkill and abilities in the execution of this great work, has undertaken to execute a canal in Lanarkſhire of near 70 miles in length, the operation of which will commence next year.

On Monday next there will be an Eclipſe of the Moon, viſible:

	H.	M.	
Beginning,	11	15	Evening.
Middle,	12	19	
End,	1	24	Nov. 3. morn.

Digits eclipſed, 3 *deg.* 40 *min.* on the Moon's ſouthern limb.

By the Leith of Leith, Robert Clouſtone, arrived at Leith, in eleven days from St Peterſburgh, we have intelligence, that they had the fineſt autumn in Ruſſia ever remembered, and fair dry weather; all was quiet in that country.

On Saturday laſt, Adjutant Baron, of the Northumberland militia, ſhot himſelf in his own garden at Alnwick. He effected his purpoſe by putting the muzzle of the gun into his mouth, and drawing the trigger with his toes, for which purpoſe he had put off one of his ſhoes. The ball went through the middle of his brain.

Wedneſday, Laurence Brander was whipped thro' the ſtreets of Glaſgow for ſtealing fiſh, and returning from baniſhment. This is the fourth time he has come under the laſh of Jack Ketch.

Extract of a Letter from Perth, Oct. 24.

"I happened to paſs, yeſterday, through Dunkeld, and was preſent at a novel and pleaſant ſight in that part of the country, the examination of the children who attend the Sunday's ſchool, under the patronage of her Grace the Ducheſs of Athol. After an elegant diſcourſe, ſuitable to the occaſion, delivered by the Rev. Mr Baird, from Deut. vi. 6, 7. he examined the children to the number of One Hundred, in preſence of their Graces the Duke and Ducheſs of Athol; Lady Charlotte and Lady Amelia, their eldeſt daughters; Lord and Lady Henry Murray; the Hon. Mrs Captain Murray; Miſs Farquharſon of Invercauld, and the greateſt part of the inhabitants of the place. The children went through their examination with great readineſs, and there were premiums, conſiſting of Bibles and pious books, diſtributed by Lady Charlotte and Lady Amelia, to all the ſcholars, according to their different degrees of improvement, and received with a degree of good breeding, which ſhews the regularity with which this uſeful inſtitution has been conducted; indeed, the attention of the Ducheſs of Athol and her family, to promote the happineſs and inſtruction of the lower claſſes by this inſtitution, (which reflects no leſs honour on the heart, than on the underſtanding of its amiable Protectrix,) adds the greateſt luſtre to their characters; and it is hoped, will find many imitators. It may not be improper to add, that it has raiſed an univerſal enthuſiaſm among the parents, for the improvement of their children."

Extract of a letter from Huntly, Oct. 12.

"Yeſterday, arrived in this town from Aberdeen, on their way to Gordon Caſtle, the Ducheſs of Gordon, Marquis of Huntly, Lady Charlotte and Colonel Lenox, Lady Magdalen and Sir Robert Sinclair, Lord Strathaven, and Captain George Gordon. The Marquis ſet out for Gordon Caſtle the ſame day. The reſt of the honourable company remained here all night, and went off this day about eleven o'clock. Previous to their departure, the Huntly Flaxdreſſer Society, preſented Colonel Lenox, Lord Strathaven, Sir Robert Sinclair, and Captain Geore Gordon, with tickets of admiſſion, and had the honour to enrull them honorary members of their Society."

Extract of a letter from Thurſo, in the county of Caithneſs.

"Mr Raſpe, the German mineralogiſt, after having examined the greater part of the Weſtern Highlands and Iſlands, has at laſt begun his ſurvey in this county. He has been very ſucceſsful in diſcovering mines of copper, lead, iron, cobalt, magnaneſe, &c. but, as he will probably publiſh an account of thoſe diſcoveries, it would be improper to anticipate him. It muſt give, however, the greateſt ſatisfaction to every friend to the proſperity of the Highlands, to underſtand, that the marble of Tirie, belonging to the Duke of Argyle; the lead in the property of Lord Breadalbane, and the iron on the eſtate of Glengarry, are likely to turn out of great value and importance. From Sutherland he has brought ſpecimens of the fineſt clay, and there is reaſon to hope that this country will yet make a figure as a mining diſtrict, there being every ſymptom of coal, and a very promiſing vein of heavy ſpar, mixed with lead, having been diſcovered. On the whole, it is believed, that the tour of this ingenious traveller will turn out of great public, as well as private utility, and will do credit to thoſe who have promoted it."

Extract of a letter from Kilmarnock, Oct. 23.

"A ſingular accident happened at Muirkirk:—As one Robert Vallance, a collier, was working on a ſcaffold five fathom down the pit, the ſcaffold gave way and he fell fifteen fathom—when brought up he was ſo little hurt, that he walked home to his own houſe, about an Engliſh mile. Two of his ſide ribs were a little broke. He is in good ſpirits and recovering well. A circumſtance of the above kind never happened in the memory of man."

THERMOMETER AND BAROMETER.

				Ther.	Bar.
Thurſday,	*Oct.* 29.	8	P. M.	46	29.74
Friday,	30.	8	A. M.	36	29.50
		8	P. M.	36	29.62
Saturday,	31.	8	A. M.	32	29.95

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Oct. 30.

	First.	Second.	Third.
Wheat,	22 s. 0 d	21 s. 0 d.	19 s. 3 d.
Barley,	18 6	17 4	16 0
Oats,	14 6	13 4	13 0
Peaſe,	14 0	13 4	12 6

Seed Wheat, 23 s.
Old Oats, 13 s.

N. B. A great Market, and all Grain quickly ſold off.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Oct. 30. Diligence, Butler, from London, with goods.
31 Leith Packet, Davidſon, from Aberdeen, ditto.
Elizabeth, Nielſon, from Shetland, ditto.
A number of Sloops, with coals, &c.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Remain in Stromneſs Harbour,

Oct. 9. Storey and Ann of Newcaſtle, M'Field, from Memel, for Newry, wood.
Janet and Sarah of Leith, Smith, from Dantzick, for Dublin, aſhes.
Ann of Grangemouth, Martin, from Peterſburgh, for ditto, hemp and flax.

CUPAR—29th October 1789.

IN a numerous and reſpectable Meeting of the Noblemen, Freeholders, Juſtices of Peace, Commiſſioners of Supply, and other Heritors of the county of Fife, held here this day, it was repreſented to them, That the Poſtmaſters at Kinghorn are in uſe to refuſe their Chaiſes and Horſes to travellers going to Cupar, St Andrews, or Dundee-water-ſide, unleſs ſuch travellers agree to take them the whole way; and are alſo in uſe of aſſerting, that no chaiſes and horſes are kept at the Plaiſterers or New Inn. The Meeting conſidering this conduct of the Poſt-maſters as illegal, takes this method of informing the Public, that Horſes and Chaiſes are kept at the Plaiſterers and New Inn; and of expreſſing their wiſhes, that travellers would give their protection to the above houſes, ſo long as they find them deſerving of encouragement.

Signed in name and by appointment of the Meeting, by
LEVEN, Preſes.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF MARK RULE,
Meal-maker and Drover at Blinkbonny.

THE firſt Annual Meeting of theſe Creditors in terms of the act of Parliament, is to be held within the houſe of James Niſbet, innkeeper in Kelſo, on Thurſday the 10th day of December 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, when the truſtees will lay before them the ſtate of the funds and claims; and they are to determine upon what allowance is to be given to John Marray, tenant in Kirklandhill, for feeding the cattle and ſheep while with him.

THOS. POTTS.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF WILLIAM M'QUEEN,
Carpet-manufacturer at Craich Bridge, near Sanquhar.

William Hamilton, merchant in Sanquhar, factor appointed by the Court of Seſſion, on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid William M'Queen, has made up a ſtate of the bankrupt's effects, that have been converted into money, and a ſtate of the debts which have been proved, within nine kallendar months from the date of the ſequeſtration, (being the firſt of January 1789) with a ſcheme of diviſion among the creditors who have lodged their grounds of debt, with their oaths of verity thereto; and which ſtate and ſcheme are open with the factor for the inſpection of the creditors; and notice is hereby given, that a general meeting of the creditors will be held within the houſe of Edward Whigham, vintner in Sanquhar, upon Friday the firſt day of January 1790, being a year from the date of the ſequeſtration, in order that the truſtee may receive ſuch farther directions as the creditors may think proper, and alſo to receive payment of their dividends, all in terms of the ſtatute.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

JOHN INNES merchant in Elgin, and Hugh Tod in Myreſide, Truſtees for the Creditors of the deceaſed Patrick Duff, writer in Elgin, under the act 12. Geo. III. hereby require the whole Creditors of the ſaid Patrick Duff, whoſe debts were contracted prior to December 1778, to meet by themſelves, or doers, within the houſe of Andrew Pirie vintner in Elgin, on Saturday the 21ſt day of November 1789, by twelve at noon, to examine the accounts of the Truſtees management, which with the vouchers thereof will then be laid before them; and theſe Creditors are alſo required to bring with them their grounds of debt, or tranſmit the ſame to the Truſtees betwixt and ſaid day, ſo as an exact liſt of all the debts due may be made out, and a dividend made of ſuch balance as may appear remaining in the hands of the Truſtees. Not to be repeated.

A HOUSE IN MILNE'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, upon Monday 9th November next betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

THE DWELLING-HOUSE, being the two uppermoſt ſtoreys of the eaſt end of the back land of Milne's Square, conſiſting of a kitchen, eight fire rooms, and ſeveral cloſets, with a cellar in the bottom of the tenement. The houſe is in complete repair, being newly built. It fronts North Bridge Street, and is exceedingly well-aired and lighted. It is inſured in the Friendly Inſurance upon the old plan, at 2400 l. Scots, and the premium paid up.

Apply to John Tait, writer to the ſignet, Park Place.

To be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, on Friday the 20th of November, betwixt the hours of five and ſix,

THE LANDS of BARNS or WESTER HOLEHOUSE, lying in the pariſh of Slamannan, and ſhire of Stirling, with the fiſhings on the Lochs called the Black Loch and Little Loch, and the principal ſeat in the church of Slamannan, which ſometime belonged to the Earl of Linlithgow.

They lie near the road to Glaſgow by Ardrie, are of conſiderable extent, and are under leaſe to one tenant at the rent of 22 l. 4 s. 5 d. The proprietor has right to the teinds.

The articles of ſale, and title-deeds to be ſeen in the hands of Hugh Warrender, writer in Edinburgh.

THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF
ORCHARD AND WEENSLAND,
(as formerly advertiſed)

Are again to be expoſed to public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Monday the 16th day of November next, at ſix o'clock afternoon, at a reduced price, and will then be PEREMPTORILY SOLD to the higheſt bidder.

ORchard lies in the pariſh of Cavers, and Weensland in the pariſh of Hawick, both contiguous, forming together a compact eſtate of a free yeatly rent of 430 l. Sterling, excluſive of the manſion-houſe and plantings. It is ſituated in a plentiful country, bounded on the north by the river Tiviot, and on the weſt by the incloſures of the town of Hawick, a good market town, in which ſeveral flouriſhing manufactures are eſtabliſhed. The turnpike road from Carliſle to Berwick, by Hawick and Kelſo, runs through the north part of the eſtate, and the turnpike road from Edinburgh to Newcaſtle, by Selkirk and Hawick, runs through the eaſt part of it.

There is upon the premiſſes, a genteel modern-built Manſion-houſe, Stables, and other Offices, with a Garden newly laid out, and well-ſtocked with fruit-trees; alſo, ſeveral ſtripes and clumps of planting in a thriving condition, and the fences in good repair. A great part of the incloſures are in graſs, and the whole eſtate well watered, ſituated in an excellent ſporting country, and in the vicinity of an unexhauſtible fund of marl.

The entry to be at the term of Martinmas next, the price paid at Whitſunday, bearing intereſt from Martinmas.

Perſons inclining to purchaſe may apply to Robert Scott, Eſq; agent at Kelſo for the Bank of Scotland; Lieutenant Miller, at Maxwellheugh, near Kelſo; Thomas Potts, writer in Kelſo; Thomas Uther, writer in Hawick; or Charles Mackenzie, writer in Edinburgh; either of whom will ſhow the rental of the eſtate; and the articles of roup, and the inventories of writs may be ſeen by applying either to the ſaid Thomas Potts or Thomas Uther. Mr Mackenzie has a plan of the eſtate.

The ſervant at Orchard will ſhow the houſe and bounaries.

STIRLINGSHIRE GAME-DUTY.

ADDITIONAL lift of certificates with reſpect to killing of Game, iſſued by the Sheriff Clerk of Stirlingſhire ſince the 10th day of September laſt.

1. James Bruce of Kinnaird, Eſq.
2. John M'Killop of Weſthaugh, Eſq.
3. John M'Keurton, reſiding at Armamy.
4. Archibald Stirling, Eſq. of Garden.
5. James Stirling, Eſq. at Garden.
6. John Thompſon innkeeper in St Ninians.

AND

1. John Robertſon in Newmill, as Gamekeeper to William Cowbrugh of Ellrig, over his lands of Ellrig, Balmitchell, and Banthead.

STIRLING, Oct. 29. 1789. ALEX. DOW Clk. Dep.

By order of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for managing the Stamp-duties,

JOHN BRETTEL Sec.

HADDINGTONSHIRE GAME-DUTY.

LIST of Perſons to whom Game Certificates have been iſſued by the Sheriff Clerk of Haddingtonſhire, from and after the 1ſt of July 1789.

A

Allan, Lieut. Richard, reſiding at Caldra
Anderſon, David, Eſq. of St Germain's

B

Brown, Thomas, Eſq. of Johnſtonburn
Brown, Lieut. John Hamilton, 53d regiment, reſiding at Johnſtonburn
Brown, Charles, Eſq. of Coalſton
Baird, Sir James, Bart. of Saughtonhall, reſiding at Haddington
Baird, Robert, Eſq. of Newbyth
Buchan, Wm. Eſq. reſiding at Letham
Brown, Mr James, reſiding at Boggs
Buchan Hepburn, George, Eſq. of Smeaton
Buchan Hepburn, John, Eſq. younger of Smeaton
Bruere, Lieut. James, 60th regiment, at Dunbar

C

Carfrae, Mr Patrick, reſiding at Morcham
Clark, Captain William, reſiding at Dunbar
Clark, Mr John, reſiding at Dunbar

D

Dunlop, John, Eſq. of Wallace Ecket, reſiding at Morcham Mains
Dudgeon, Patrick, Eſq. reſiding at Byres
Dudgeon, Mr John, reſiding at Byres
Don, Capt. Wm. reſiding at Haddington
Dalrymple, Capt. James, reſiding at North Berwick
Dunlop, Mr Robert, reſiding at Morcham Mains

F

Findlay, David, Eſq. reſiding at Haddington
Fletcher, Lieut. Gen. Henry, of Salton

G

Gordon, the Hon. Alex. Lord Rockville, reſiding at Rockville

H

Hay, James, Eſq. younger of Hopes, writer to the ſignet, reſiding at Edinburgh
Hay, Charles, Eſq. reſiding at Dunbar
Hay, Robert, Eſq. of Lawfield, reſiding at Spott
Hay, Wm. Eſq. reſiding at Spott
Hamilton, Mr Gavin, reſiding at Haddington
Hamilton, the Hon. Col. Charles, reſiding at Tynninghame
Hadinton, the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of, reſiding at Tynninghame
Hamilton, John, Eſq. of Pentcaitland
Hay, James, Eſq. of Nunraw
Hall, Sir James, Bart. of Douglas
Hervie, Mr John, reſiding at Innerwick
Hay, Edward, Eſq. of Newhall
Hay, John, Eſq. of Hopes
Hepburn, Col. David, reſiding at Keith
Hay, James, Eſq. of Belton

K

Kinloch, Francis, Eſq. younger of Gilmerton
Kinloch, Alex. Eſq. reſiding at Gilmerton
Knox, Mr Arch. reſiding at Sunnyſide
Kilgour, Wm. reſiding at Pentcaitland

L

Lander Dick, Sir Andrew, Bart. of Fountainhall

M

Maitland, Capt. Thomas, of Maitlandfield
M'Clarran, Mr David, reſiding at Haddington
M'Queen, Mr Daniel, reſiding at Preſtonhaugh

N

Niſbet, Wm. Eſq. of Dirleton

S

Sinclair, Sir Robert, Bart. of Murkle, reſiding at Steveniton
Suttie, Sir James, Bart. of Balgone
Somner, Richard, Eſq. of Summerfield, reſiding at Haddington
Shirreff, Mr John, reſiding at Captainhead.
Shirreff, Mr John, reſiding at Mungo's Wells

T

Tweeddale, the Moſt Hon. George Marquis of, reſiding at Yeſter

V

Vetch, Mr Robert, reſiding at Haddington

W

Wemyſs, the Right Hon. Francis Charteris Earl of, reſiding at Amiſfield
Warrender, Sir Patrick, Bart. of Lochend
Wilkie, Mr Patrick, younger of Gilkerſton, reſiding at Haddington

Y

Yule, James, of Gib's Lees, reſiding t Fentonbarns

DEPUTATIONS TO GAMEKEEPERS, VIZ.

By the Moſt Hon. the Marquis of Tweeddale—To Joſeph Anderſon
By James Hay, Eſq. of Nunraw—to William Blyth, his ſervant
By Edward Hay, Eſq. of Newhall—to Thomas Baker, his ſervant
By Lieut. General Henry Fletcher of Salton—to William Currie, reſiding at Salton.
By William Niſbet, Eſq. of Dirleton—to Chriſtopher Funky, his ſervant.
By Richard Newton, Eſq. of Newton—to James Hamilton, his grieve
By the Right Hon. the Counteſs of Hyndford—to William Hog, her Ladyſhip's butler
By Robert Hay, Eſq. of Lawfield—to Alex. Hamilton, reſiding at Spott
By Sir James Hall, Bart. of Dunglas—to John Jordan, his ſervant
By the Right Hon. Francis Charteris, Earl of Wemyſs—to Robert Kirk, his Lordſhip's ſervant
By Sir Robert Sinclair, Bart. of Murkle—to John Kelly, reſiding at Stevenſton
By Lady Hamilton at Monkridge—to George Laidlaw, her Ladyſhip's ſervant
By David Anderſon, Eſq. of St Germains—to Wm Paton, his ſervant
By Sir Robert Sinclair, Bart. of Murkle—to Robert Trotter, his overſeer, at Stevenſton
By Hew Dalrymple, Eſq. younger of North Berwick—to James Yorſton, his ſervant

ALEX. FRASER, Clerk.

By Order of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for managing the Stamp Duties, JOHN BRETTELL, Sec.

FARM TO LET.

To be LET and entered to at Martinmas,

THE Farm of WEST LANGTOWN, in the county of Edinburgh, a mile ſouth of Mid Calder, conſiſting of about 60 acres of arable land, all incloſed, and to be ſubdivided.

One or two of the adjacent incloſures of Belfield will be let along with this farm, for paſture, if perſons offering for a leaſe incline.

For particulars, apply to Hugh Brenner accomptant in Edinburgh, or Lord Morton's factor at Dalmahoy.

The gardener at Belfield will ſhow the farm and incloſures.

IRISH & ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 26. CORNHILL,

Oppoſite the Royal Exchange, London.

THE TICKETS are ſold, and divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, by

HORNSBY AND CO. *Stock Brokers,*

Appointed and licenſed by Government, for the ſpecial purpoſe of ſelling and ſharing Tickets in the preſent Iriſh State Lottery, which will begin drawing on the 12th of November next, and in the Engliſh State Lottery, which will begin drawing on the 22d of February 1790.

And, for the certain ſecurity of their friends and cuſtomers, who purchaſe Shares at their Office, they beg leave to acquaint them, that they have adopted the following indeniable mode, which cannot fail of removing every idea of doubt with regard to the holder of a Share of a Ticket being equally ſafe and ſecure, in the payment of the prize, as the poſſeſſor of a whole Ticket.

By the preſent act of Parliament, Hornſby and Co. need only leave the Tickets ſhared by them in the hands of Government three days after they are drawn; but Hornſby and Co. poſitively engage with the Public, That all Tickets ſhared by them ſhall remain in the hands of Government (with whom they are now depoſited), for the more ample ſecurity of the holder of the Share, until the payment of ſuch Share or Shares is fully diſcharged by Hornſby and Co.

It has been an invariable rule with the houſe of Hornſby and Co. to offer the very beſt ſecurity to their worthy friends and the Public, on whoſe patronage and ſupport they rely. They likewiſe humbly aſſure the Public, That it ſhall be their conſtant ſtudy to give every teſtimony of regard for the innumerable favours received during a period of twenty-three Lotteries; and they earneſtly ſolicit their orders on the preſent occaſion.

The large number of Capital Prizes ſold, ſhared, and regiſtered, by Hornſby and Co. are too numerous to mention in this publication; they therefore inform the Public, for the more early intelligence of the holders of Capital Prizes, bought at their Office, they ſhall follow their old invariable rule, by advertiſing every Capital Prize on the day it is drawn, and the whole at the concluſion of the drawing.

Correct Numerical and Regiſter Books are kept; and Tickets and Shares regiſtered, at 6 d. per number.

All Shares ſold at this Office will be ſtamped agreeable to act of Parliament.

Money for Prizes will be paid at this Office, as ſoon as drawn.

N. B. Agreeable to act of Parliament, no buſineſs in the Lottery tranſacted before eight o'clock in the morning nor after eight o'clock in the evening.

Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, with their ſeveral Annuities, India Bonds, Navy and Victualling Bills, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and ſold by Commiſſion.

SALE OF LANDS,

IN THE SHIRES OF PERTH AND KINROSS,

AND OF

HOUSES IN DUNFERMLINE.

By Adjournment.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Wilſon, vintner in Dunfermline, upon Tueſday the 3d day of November 1789, between the hours of eleven forenoon and twelve mid-day,

THE SUBJECTS which belonged to *James Beveridge*, writer in Dunfermline, lately deceaſed, in the following lots:

LOT I. The Town and Lands of PITFAR, in the pariſh of Foſſaway, and ſouth-eaſt corner of the ſhire of Perth, containing near 300 Scots acres, and ſituated within four miles of Kinroſs, five miles of Dunfermline, and five miles of Alloa. The lands hold of the Crown, and are within a mile of coal and limeſtone.—If more agreeable to officers, theſe lands will be expoſed in two lots.

Francis Henderſon the tenant will ſhow the ſubjects.

II. Four Eight Parts of the Town and Lands of KILDUFF, in the united pariſhes of Foſſaway and Tillibole, and ſhire of Kinroſs, ſituated within two miles of coal and limeſtone, three miles weſt from Kinroſs, and hold of Sir Henry Moncrieff Welwood of Tillibole, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

John Beveridge at Kelduff will ſhow theſe lands.

III. That Large and Commodious HOUSE, with the Garden adjoining, ſituated in the Kirkgate of Dunfermline, ſome time poſſeſſed by Mr Walker, now deceaſed, as an inn, and laſt by the ſaid James Beveridge and his tenants, containing ten fire-rooms, beſides large cellars and ſtables.

IV. That HOUSE of three ſtories, with back court and offices adjoining, ſituated in the Maygate of Dunfermline, containing a large fore and back ſhop, and twelve other fire-rooms, as lately poſſeſſed by Mrs Crawford, now deceaſed, and Mr Eckford, merchant. This houſe has got a new roof and other repairs, at a conſiderable expence, within theſe two years.

V. That Large HOUSE of three ſtories, containing a ſhop and ſeven rooms, with the cellars adjoining, ſituated on the North ſide of the High Street, a little eaſt of the Tron of Dunfermline, as lately poſſeſſed by John Reid, merchant, now deceaſed, and laſt by Richard Burns and James Beveridge, merchants.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and a plan of the lands of Pitfarr, will be ſeen in the hands of Mr Robert Scotland, merchant in Dunfermline, with whom intending purchaſers may treat for a private bargain of any of the lots, before the day of roup; and George Tod, writer in Edinburgh, will alſo inform as to further particulars.

Day of Sale altered.

A PRINTFIELD FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, in Robert Provan's, vintner, Glaſgow, on Thurſday the 5th of November next, between one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and HOUSES in the Village of Pollockſhaws, known by the name of *The Pollockſhaws Printfield.*

The lands meaſure 25 acres 2 roods, of which a conſiderable part has been levelled and formed for bleaching and other purpoſes of the trade, and the grounds are interſected with canals and rivulets, which, in all ſeaſons, are abundantly ſupplied from excellent ſprings, and from the water of Cart.

Upon the lands there is a complete ſet of houſes. Beſides a very convenient lodging, there is a printing ſhop and ſtove of two ſtoreys, covered with ſlate, 90 feet long and 18 feet wide; another of the ſame heighth of hewn ſtone work, covered alſo with ſlate, 110 feet by 18, having the upper flat repaired, and laid out for a dwelling-houſe; a copper houſe, 50 feet by 20; a boiling houſe of the ſame dimenſions, in which there is a ſet of horſe machinery, and a callender; a drying ſhade, 60 feet by 20, and a range of houſes at the end of it, 120 feet by 18.

There are alſo a great number of other buildings upon the lands, particularly a tenement adjoining to the above range, of two ſtoreys, with a ſlate roof, 24 feet ſquare, within the walls, and another immediately behind it, of 55 feet by 22, conſiſting of one ſtorey, with good garrets fitted up for a dwelling-houſe.

The fixed machinery, which is in high order, and great part of it almoſt new, conſiſts of one wheel, two pumps, four pair of waſh ſtocks, and a poliſhing machine for copper-plates, all which are driven by water; and there is alſo a ſet of horſe machinery, which move other two pair of waſh ſtocks.

The buildings and machinery are in a ſubſtantial good condition, and the whole premiſſes are exceedingly well adapted for carrying on an extenſive trade.

The lands hold of Sir John Maxwell, for payment of a feu-duty of between ſixteen and ſeventeen pounds, but the late proprietor ſubfeued ſuch a proportion of them at the rate of eight pounds per acre, as produces a ſufficiency for the ſuperior's feu-duty.

Perſons who intend to purchaſe, are deſired to apply to Walter Ewing merchant in Glaſgow, or to James Mathie writer, who will ſhow the writs and conditions of a ſale, and give ſuch information as may be wanted; and a copy of the conditions of ſale may alſo be ſeen in the hands of Edward Bruce writer to the ſignet.

A. ALLISON Auctioneer.

Let of Lands and Sale of Stocking, Labouring Utenſills, and Houſehold Furniture &c.

To be LET by Public Roup within the Council Houſe of *Selkirk*, upon Wedneſday the 11th day of November 1789,

THE Houſe, Offices, and Incloſures of BOWHILL, and the Farm of CARTERHAUGH, and OLD WARK, all lately poſſeſſed by the deceaſed General Alexander Mackay, for two years from the 22d of November 1789. Theſe farms will either be let together or ſeparately as offerers may incline; and the articles and conditions of let thereof will be ſeen in the hands of John Fraſer and William Lumſdaine, writers to the ſignet, and George Rodger, writer in Selkirk.

The houſekeeper at Bowhill will ſhow the houſe, and Mr Curror at Carterhaugh, the farms.

And to be SOLD by public roup at Bowhill, upon Thurſday the 12th of November 1789.

The whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in the houſe of Bowhill, conſiſting of all ſorts of Kitchen Furniture, with Jack, Carron Oven, &c. Dining Room, Drawing Room, and Bed Room Furniture of all kinds, a Tea Kitchen, Tea and Table China, Guard-Mange, Baggage Cart, Drinking Glaſſes, and Stone Ware, Garden Tools, Stable, Dairy, Waſhing, Slaughter, and Brew-houſe Utenſils, with ſeveral other articles too tedious to mention. As alſo a conſiderable quantity of Wines of different kinds.

And upon Monday the 16th day of the ſaid month of November 1789, there will be SOLD by public roup at Carterhaugh,

The whole Stocking, Corns, and Labouring Utenſils upon Bowhill and Carterhaugh, conſiſting in part of four black Coach Horſes, a Light Bay Charger, a Dark Bay ditto, an exceeding fine Cheſnut Galloway, ſeven Plow-horſes of different colours, and a riding mare; a conſiderable number of Sheep of different kinds and ages, eight Milk Cows, four aged Draft Oxen, three ditto four year olds, and one Quey of the ſame age, three Stots of three years old, five two year old Queys, and one Stot, three one year old Stots, and three Queys of the ſame age, forty one well-fed Highland Stots, ſix Calves, and a large quantity of Poultry of all kinds. A great number of Stacks of Oats, Barley, and Peaſe, with ſeveral Stacks of Sown Graſs and Bog Hay.

The roup of the farms to begin at one o'clock, and the roup of the other articles each day preciſely at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue until all be ſold off.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE,

To be SOLD by public roup, in the houſe of Robert Tait vintner at Balnaguard, upon Wedneſday, 4th Nov. 1789, betwixt the hours of one and three afternoon,

THE LANDS of BALNAGUARD, Mill and Mill-Lands thereof, with the Town and Lands of BALNAVERT, lying within the pariſh of Little Dunkeld, on the great road, about half way betwixt Inver and Taymouth, 16 computed miles from Perth, and 6 from Dunkeld.

The lands lie contiguous, and conſiſt of an extenſive tract of rich level or haugh arable ground, pleaſantly ſituated along the ſouth ſide of the river Tay. There is an extenſive hill, abounding with game, and remarkable for breeding of black cattle and ſheep, belonging to theſe lands, which lie in the heart of a pleaſant, warm, and populous country, the ſoil inferior in quality to none in that country. The manſion-houſe is at preſent converted into an inn, and affords much ſatisfaction to travellers.

There is alſo upon the lands a great deal of old and young planting, of different kinds of timber. All the arable land is in the natural ſtate, and capable of great improvement.—There are no tacks on any part of the lands or mill. The whole, by a late meaſurement, conſiſts of about 511 acres of arable, meadow, and paſture ground, excluſive of the extenſive property of hill.

The lands hold of the Duke of Atholl; and the preſent free rent is about 174 l.

For further particulars, apply to William Small, writer in Perth, who will ſhow the rental, meaſurement, title-deeds, and articles of roup; Robert Tait, at Balnaguard, will ſhow the grounds.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 4th day of November 1789, between the hours ſix and ſeven afternoon,

THE LANDS of INNERNETHY and BALGONIE, and Teinds thereof, lying in the pariſh of Abernethy, and ſhire of Perth.

Theſe lands conſiſt of a rich clay ſoil, and are pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the Earn. They will be expoſed either in one or two lots, as moſt agreeable to intending purchaſers.

For particulars, apply to Mr James Chalmers, writer in Perth; or David Freer, writer to the ſignet, Merchant-ſtreet, Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a private bargain previous to the day of roup, and in whoſe hands are the title-deeds, the articles of roup, and a plan of the grounds.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FIFE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 23d day of December 1789, at ſix o'clock in the evening,

THE Lands and Eſtate of CULLAIRNIE, lying within the pariſh of Dunbaig, and ſhire of Fife. This eſtate is pleaſantly ſituated within three miles of Cupar, and the ſame of the Port of Newburgh. The preſent rental is as follows, viz.

Cullairnie Farm.

Money,	L. 163	0 0
7 dozen of hens, at 5 s.	1	15 0
60 loads of coals, - - -	1	5 0
	L.166	0 0

Weſter Cullairnie.

Money,	L. 66	10 0
B. f. ſ. l.		
45 0 3 2 4-12ths bear, at 13 s.	42	11 2 9-12ths
22 2 1 3 2-12ths oats, at 11 s. 8 d.		
3 dozen hens, at 8 s	1	4 0
	110	5 2 9-12ths
Henry Steuart, - -	5	10 3
Thomas Ramſay, in money, bear and oats, - -	5	2 0
William Ramſay, ditto,	5	2 0
Baillie-fee of Lindores, payable out of the ſeveral eſtates of Exmagirdle, Ormiſton, Lindores, and Eaſter Clunie,	8	6 1 4-12ths
	L.300	5 7 1-12th

The grain is of an excellent quality, and always ſells above the higheſt fiars; and is, as above converted low at a ſuppoſed value. But when the preſent leaſes expire, which will be in a few years, there is every reaſon to think *the rents will more than double*, as the lands are of a remarkable fine ſoil, and in a good condition, and capable of the greateſt improvement.

The eſtate holds bleach of the Crown, and affords a freehold qualification.

The title-deeds, which are perfectly clear, and conditions of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of Robert Trotter, writer to the ſignet—to whom any perſon inclining to purchaſe may apply.

SALMON FISHINGS AND OAK WOODS,

PERTHSHIRE.

To be LET by public roup at the houſe of John Campbell vintner in Perth, on Thurſday the 5th day of November firſt at twelve o'clock mid-day,

THE Salmon fiſhings, with the Keith or Cruive, on the water of Erracht, belonging to Colonel MacPherſon of Blairgowrie.

AS ALSO to be ſold by public roup, in manner to be afterwards advertiſed, the whole of the Oak, Birch, and other Woods growing on the lands of Mawſe, in the neighbourhood of Blairgowrie.

For further particulars application is to be made to Mr Whitſon of Parkhill, or William MacLaren barron officer at Blairgowrie, who will ſhow the premiſſes.

A SHOP AND HOUSE ON THE SHORE OF LEITH,

To be Sold by private bargain.

THE following SUBJECTS, advantageouſly ſituated on the ſhore of Leith, are to be ſold together or ſeparately, as purchaſers may incline, viz.

A SHOP poſſeſſed by William Kerr and Co. grocers, lately fitted up in a complete manner, the preſent rent 24 l. Sterling.

A HOUSE immediately above the ſame, poſſeſſed by Mr Adam Thomſon, Collector of the Shore Dues, Leith, for his dwelling-houſe and ſhore-dues-office, at the yearly rent of 18 l.

Another HOUSE immediately above the laſt, poſſeſſed by Mr David Muir, at the yearly rent of 14 l.

Another HOUSE immediately above Mr Muir's, poſſeſſed by Miſs Murray, at the yearly rent of 9 l. 10 s.

A HOUSE and Cellar in the under part of the tenement poſſeſſed by James Smith, at the yearly rent of 5 l.

Theſe ſubjects are inſured in the Edinburgh Friendly Inſurance Office, and the premium paid up.

For further particulars, purchaſers may apply to William Scott, ſolicitor at law, Edinburgh.

TO BE SOLD,

A BREWERY, DWELLING HOUSES, AND

Area for Building on in Edinburgh.

THAT, upon Wedneſday the 4th day of November next, there is to be expoſed to public voluntary roup and ſale, in John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, at 5 o'clock afternoon,

THAT commodious and well-frequented Brewery, Malting, and Dwelling Houſe, with the pertinents, in Graſs-market of Edinburgh, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mr William Gordon brewer there, and may be entered to at Martinmas next.

Likewiſe, three Houſes in the ſame tenement, preſently poſſeſſed by Miſs Hays, William Ford, and Andrew Lowrie.

Theſe ſubjects yield at preſent an yearly rent of 47 l. 14 s. ſterling, are inſured in the Edinburgh Friendly Inſurance Office, and the premium paid up. On the ſouth of the Brewery there is an area of conſiderable extent, which fronts Herriot's Hoſpital, whereby the malting and brewery may be enlarged, or other buildings erected with advantage.

The ſubjects may be ſeen any lawful day, from ten o'clock forenoon to two o'clock afternoon. And for particulars, purchaſers may apply to William Scott, ſolicitor at law, Edinburgh.

N. B. The inſurance, excluſive of the property, will bring 50 l. at preſent; and there is a proſpect of its riſing conſiderably in value.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

In the County of Dumfries.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Friday 27th November next, between the hours of five and eight afternoon,

THE LANDS and others after mentioned, belonging to *Mr David Armſtrong*, advocate.

LOT I.

The lands of *Kirtleton* and *Pockeſkine-Foot*, and lands of *Blackcroft*, with the tiends of the laſt-mentioned lands, lying in the pariſh of Middlebie, and the ſheriffdom of Dumfries, which are to be expoſed at twenty-three years purchaſe of the free proven rent, being L. 2184 12 2 1-12th

But as the proprietor does not appear to have any right to the tiends of Kirtleton and Pockeſkine-Foot, one fifth of the rent of theſe lands is deducted as tiend; and taking from that tiend the miniſter's ſtipend, there remains of free tiend 17 l. 5 s. 10 d. 9-12ths—the privilege of purchaſing which, being valued at five years purchaſe, amounts to 86 9 5 9-12ths

Upſet price of Lot I. L. 2271 1 7 10-12ths

LOT II.

The Lands of *Croſsbank-head*, Eaſt *Lynbridgeford*, Weſt *Lynbridgeford*, and *Mill* of *Lynbridgeford*, with a Houſe and Yard in Eaſt Lynbridgeford, and the tiends of theſe lands, lying in the pariſh and ſheriffdom foreſaid, which are to be expoſed at 24 years purchaſe of the free rent of the lands—20 years purchaſe of the free rent of the mill—and 12 years purchaſe of the rent of the houſe and yard, being L. 2983 14 2

With the ſuperiorities of the Mains of Crowdieknow, and ſeveral other lands, the feu-duties of which amount to 11 l. 0 s. 11 d. 2-12ths Sterling, and the groſs rent to 470 l. 8 s. 3 d. (the caſualties payable by ſingular ſucceſſors are not taxed) valued at 150 0 0

And the tiends of the lands of Croſslands, valued at 3 2 5 6-12ths

Upſet price of Lot II. L. 3136 17 1 6-12ths.

LOT III.

The *Liferent* (during the joint lives of Mr and Mrs Armſtrong) of the Lands of *Hauk*, lying in the pariſh of Sibbaldie, annexed to Applegirth, and ſheriffdom foreſaid, which is to be expoſed at five years purchaſe of the free rent, being L. 228 6 8

LOT IV.

An *Adjudication* for ſums amounting to 159 l. 14 s. 9 d. beſides intereſt affecting an acre of land at Rigmuir, and houſes thereon, lying in the pariſh of Gratney, which is to be expoſed at 12 years purchaſe of the free rent of the ſubjects affected by the adjudication, being L. 28 10 0

The ſubjects in lot ſecond hold of the Crown, excepting a very ſmall part of the ſuperiorities. The lands hold of the Crown afford a freehold qualification. The lands, &c. in lots firſt, third, and fourth, hold of ſubjects ſuperior. There is a good modern manſion-houſe, with offices, pigeon-houſe, garden, &c. on lot firſt; and upon that lot, as well as lot ſecond, there is a good deal of thriving planting, upon which no value is put. The rent of lot firſt has riſen conſiderably ſince the proof was taken in the judicial ſale, and conform to which proof the upſet price is fixed; and there is reaſon to believe that, upon permanent leaſes, a conſiderable riſe of rent would ſtill be go for theſe and the other ſubjects under ſale. About 17 l. of the rents of Kirkletown and Pockeſkinefoot remains of tiend, after paying the ſtipend, the privilege of purchaſing which is to be expoſed at five years purchaſe. The tiends in this pariſh are ſaleable at ſix years purchaſe; ſo that 17 l. of the rent is in reality expoſed at only eleven years purchaſe.

The lands in lots firſt and ſecond lie within ſeven miles of Langholm, ſix of Eccleſechan, and within five miles of the great turnpike road leading from Glaſgow and Edinburgh, by Moffat, to Carliſle. Theſe lands alſo lie within three miles of lime, and are capable of great improvement. The lands in lot third lie in the neighbourhood of the village of Lockerby; and the ſubjects ſecured by the adjudications in lot fourth, lie in the village of Rigg; and the ground, ſo far as not already built upon, may be feued off to advantage.

The articles of roup, &c. may be ſeen in the office of Mr Alexander Stevenſon, depute-clerk of Seſſion; and perſons deſirous of further information, may apply to John Clerk, jun. writer to the ſignet, agent in the ſale, or Mr John Johnſton, at Charlesfield, by Annan, factor on the eſtate.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOSEPH KETTLE of Birmingham, Merchant, Dealer, and Chapman.

THAT at a meeting of the creditors of the ſaid Joſeph Kettle, held within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Thurſday the 29th day of October current, John Innes, writer to the ſignet, was choſen interim factor on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid Joſeph Kettle; and another general meeting of his creditors appointed to be held within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Thurſday the 10th day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpoſe of chuſing a truſtee; and upon the application of the factor, the Lord Swinton Ordinary, officiating on the bills, granted commiſſion to Joſeph Carles, Eſq. or any other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, of the county of Warwick, for examining the bankrupt, within the houſe of Mrs Garnet vintner, Dog Inn, Special Street, Birmingham, on Saturday the 7th day of November next, and Saturday of each of the three following weeks, at 12 o'clock noon.

Of all which intimation is hereby given to all concerned in terms of the ſtatute.

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